# Selfdocbook (XML edition)

Tim Waugh, Red Hat, Inc. <twaugh@redhat.com>

# Selfdocbook (XML edition) by Tim Waugh

Copyright © 2000-3 Tim Waugh

Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this document under the terms of the GNU Free Documentation License, Version 1.1 or any later version published by the Free Software Foundation; with no Invariant Sections, with no Front-Cover Texts, and with no Back-Cover Texts. A copy of the license is included in the section entitled "GNU Free Documentation License".

# **Table of Contents**

1. The Selfdocbook (XML edition) itself
2. Tools
3. Structure
4. Customizing XSL stylesheets
5. Tips and examples
Images
Program listings
HTML stylesheets
The euro character
Creating an index
Please send me examples
A. DocBook XML source 7
How to build the Selfdocbook (XML edition)
selfdocbookx.xml
intro.xml
tools.xml
structure.xml
tips.xml
source.xml
fdl.xml
ulink.xsl
filename.xsl
keycombo.xsl
admon.xsl
css.xsl
selfdocbookx.css
Makefile
B. GNU Free Documentation License
Index

# Chapter 1. The Selfdocbook (XML edition) itself

The *Selfdocbook (XML edition)* is a self-documenting introduction to DocBook DocBook (XML) book. It includes its own DocBook XML source in the appendix, and so can be used to learn DocBook by example.

You can get a copy of the *Selfdocbook (XML edition)* in various ways; presumably you already know one of them since you are reading the *Selfdocbook (XML edition)* right now. Here are the choices:

- View it using a web browser, by pointing it to the *Selfdocbook (XML edition)* web page at <a href="http://cyberelk.net/tim/docbook/selfdocbook/index.html">http://cyberelk.net/tim/docbook/selfdocbook/index.html</a>.
- Grab the PostScript version at <a href="http://cyberelk.net/tim/docbook/selfdocbookx.ps">http://cyberelk.net/tim/docbook/selfdocbookx.ps</a>, ready to print out.
- Download the PDF version at <a href="http://cyberelk.net/tim/docbook/selfdocbookx.pdf">http://cyberelk.net/tim/docbook/selfdocbookx.pdf</a>, if that's your preferred format.
- Fetch the DocBook XML source at <http://cyberelk.net/tim/docbook/selfdocbookx.tar.gz> and build it.

You can use the *Selfdocbook (XML edition)* to learn DocBook by example: if you see something that you want to know how to do, you can simply flip to Appendix A, *DocBook XML source* to find out how it is done.

I learned DocBook from the excellent book *DocBook: The Definitive Guide* by O'Reilly Associates, also available online at <a href="http://docbook.org/tdg/html/docbook.html">http://docbook.org/tdg/html/docbook.html</a>. It is probably a good idea to have a glance through that in order to get more of an overview than this book provides.

This Selfdocbook (XML edition) was built on 18 December 2003.

1

# **Chapter 2. Tools**

The *Selfdocbook (XML edition)* is held together by magic **sed** glue, which is activated by some rules in the Makefile in Appendix A, *DocBook XML source*. So, in order to build the *Selfdocbook (XML edition)* you will need **make** and **sed** (and also **fold**). Note that **sed** and **fold** won't be necessary for all SGML projects, but using a Makefile is usually a good idea.

To have a functioning XML environment, you will need to have various programs installed. On a Red Hat Linux 7.3 system, you need to install these packages:

- sgml-common and xml-common
- •xmltex
- passivetex
- docbook-style-xsl
- docbook-dtds
- xmlto

See http://cyberelk.net/tim/docbook/ for more information.

The last package in the list there is xmlto, which is just a small shell script which invokes the other tools for you so that you don't have to remember which commands to run, how many times, and so on. It is similar to jw(1) from the docbook-utils package.

I use an **emacs** package called psgml for editing SGML or XML documents. The keybindings I find most useful are:

- Tab indents the current element to a level appropriate to its nesting depth.
- C-c C-t lists the valid tags for the current element.
- C-c / closes the current element.

# **Chapter 3. Structure**

DocBook documents are SGML documents. That includes DocBook XML documents as well; XML is a subset of SGML. The SGML declaration at the top identifies it as a DocBook document, and it should look something like this:

```
<!DOCTYPE book PUBLIC "-//OASIS//DTD DocBook XML V4.2//EN"
"http://www.oasis-open.org/docbook/xml/4.2/docbookx.dtd"[
...
]>
<book>
...
</book>
```

The book here specifies the type of the top-level element of the document. This declaration also says that the document conforms to version 4.2 of the DocBook XML document type declaration (DTD). The book element is also shown (although without its content)—notice that it is opened with "<book>" and closed with "</book>", and everything in between is the content of that element.

Other files can be included by the top-level file by the use of entities. To include a file you first declare an entity and then use it:

```
<!DOCTYPE ...[
<!ENTITY includedfile SYSTEM "includedfile.xml">
]>
...
&includedfile;
...
```

Because SGML tags (<...>) and entities (&...;) are interpreted specially, there are escapes provided to enable you to use these marker characters in your DocBook files. "&lt;" gives "<"; "&gt;" gives ">"; and "&amp;" gives "&". There are many other predefined entities too.

# **Chapter 4. Customizing XSL stylesheets**

It is a lot of work to write your own XSL stylesheet, but it is quite easy to customize an existing one. If you use the tools suggested in Chapter 2, *Tools* then you will have some default XSL stylesheets already installed on your system.

But rather than edit them directly, it is usually preferable to create a *customization layer*. A very simple one is used by this book; for print output, URLs are enclosed in angled brackets rather than square brackets, and for XHTML output the file extension is changed from .xhtm to .html.

For the URL modification, for example, take a look at the file ulink.xsl in Appendix A, *DocBook XML source*. If you are using xmlto then it will generate a custom XSL stylesheet for you if you use the -m option.

# **Chapter 5. Tips and examples**

This document is an example of a book, and a book generally contains chapters, which may contain sections. A paragraph of text can be put in a para tag. There are lots of examples of that in this book (see Appendix A, *DocBook XML source*).

When you want text to appear with its layout intact (spaces and newlines kept where they are), you can use the literallayout tag. Note that Tab characters are *not* expanded. If you also would like a different font for the listed text, you might want to use the programlisting tag.

# Images



This shows how to handle images for both print and web display; each format is included in one mediaobject so the stylesheet, when faced with a limited subset of formats for the current output media, can select the best fit.

I have cheated slightly, in that the for-print version is using a PDF format image even though PDF is not an officially allowed format in this version of DocBook XML. Luckily though, the tools I am using allow it through anyway.

# **Program listings**

There are some things to watch out for when doing program listings. Let's say that we want to put the following fragment of code into DocBook:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main ()
{
    int count = 3;
    while (count--)
        printf ("Count is now %d\n", count);
}
```

The problem is that <stdio.h> will be interpreted as an SGML tag. For this small fragment, it is easy to replace the <-signs with &lt;, but for larger code fragments there could easily be missed SGML entities.

A slightly easier way is to enclose it in a CDATA tag (i.e. literal text), like this:

```
<programlisting><![CDATA[
...
```

]]></programlisting>

The next thing to bear in mind is that Tab characters will not be expanded to spaces, so you will need to do all the indenting with spaces.

### Warning

There is currently a bug in xmltex that causes incorrect output for "--" (i.e. two dashes). Grab the latest PassiveTeX for an xmltex.tex and PassiveTeX distribution with this fixed.

Of course, Appendix A, *DocBook XML source* of this book needs to include quite a lot of source code (XML rather than C), and the approach I have taken in order to be sure that I haven't missed anything is to have the Makefile run sed on the original source, and just include the result as an entity. Take a look at Appendix A, *DocBook XML source* to see how that's done.

# **HTML** stylesheets

The HTML version of this document makes use of a custom CSS stylesheet for rendering HTML elements slightly differently (in fact, in this small example only some colours are changed). The CSS stylesheet is the section called "selfdocbookx.css", and the DocBook HTML stylesheet is told about it by our custom XSL layer: the html.stylesheet parameter is set to the name of the CSS file we want to use. See the section called "css.xsl" for how that's done.

# The euro character

There is a bug in older versions (before 1.12) of PassiveTeX causing euro characters (€, which should look something like " $\in$ ") to appear as black boxes.

This bug is fixed in the Red Hat Linux passivetex-1.11-5 package, available in rawhide.

However, you'll need an up to date marvosym.sty file, which you can get from CTAN. (The current Red Hat Linux rawhide teTeX package has this updated already, but marvosym.sty is much smaller to download!)

# **Creating an index**

Adding an index to your document is easy; the DocBook XSL stylesheets automatically cross-reference your tagged index words to generate the page numbers in the index section. For example, in the source XML of this document you'll see that the index section at the end is indicated by just "<index />". Examples of how to mark up index entries in the document are in this paragraph (the section called "tips.xml") and throughout the section called "tools.xml". The key tag is indexterm.

# Please send me examples

There are no more examples in this section yet, because I haven't written any. If you would like to see a particular element of DocBook demonstrated here, feel free to send me an example, preferably demonstrated inside a section XML element.

# Appendix A. DocBook XML source How to build the *Selfdocbook (XML edition)*

Given a functioning XML environment, all of the necessary files are shown in full in this appendix. All you have to do in order to build the *Selfdocbook (XML edition)* is:

- 1. Make sure you that have installed the necessary XML tools (see Chapter 2, Tools).
- 2. In addition to those tools you will need:
  - fig2dev (from the transfig package) for converting image formats
  - fold and sed for manipulating SGML files so that they can be included verbatim in a DocBook document.
  - For PostScript output I suggest you use pdftops, from the xpdf package.
- 3. Put all the files in the same directory and type **make**. The default target builds PDF, PostScript and HTML output.

### selfdocbookx.xml

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='utf-8'?> <!-- -*- xml -*- -->
<!DOCTYPE book PUBLIC "-//OASIS//DTD DocBook XML V4.2//EN"
"http://www.oasis-open.org/docbook/xml/4.2/docbookx.dtd"[
<!ENTITY builddate SYSTEM "builddate">
<!ENTITY intro SYSTEM "intro.xml">
<!ENTITY tools SYSTEM "tools.xml">
<!ENTITY structure SYSTEM "structure.xml">
<!ENTITY xsl SYSTEM "xsl.xml">
<!ENTITY tips SYSTEM "tips.xml">
<!ENTITY source SYSTEM "source.xml">
<!ENTITY fdl SYSTEM "fdl.xml">
<!ENTITY makefile SYSTEM "Makefile.sed">
<!ENTITY selfdocbookxxml SYSTEM "selfdocbookx.xml.sed">
<!ENTITY introxml SYSTEM "intro.xml.sed">
<!ENTITY toolsxml SYSTEM "tools.xml.sed">
<!ENTITY structurexml SYSTEM "structure.xml.sed">
<!ENTITY xslxml SYSTEM "xsl.xml.sed">
<!ENTITY tipsxml SYSTEM "tips.xml.sed">
<!ENTITY sourcexml SYSTEM "source.xml.sed">
<!ENTITY fdlxml SYSTEM "fdl.xml.sed">
<!ENTITY ulinkxsl SYSTEM "ulink.xsl.sed">
<!ENTITY filenamexsl SYSTEM "filename.xsl.sed">
<!ENTITY keycomboxsl SYSTEM "keycombo.xsl.sed">
<!ENTITY admonxsl SYSTEM "admon.xsl.sed">
<!ENTITY cssxsl SYSTEM "css.xsl.sed">
<!ENTITY selfdocbookxcss SYSTEM "selfdocbookx.css.sed">
<!ENTITY sdb "<citetitle>Selfdocbook (XML edition)</citetitle>">
1>
```

<book>

```
<bookinfo>
 <title>Selfdocbook (XML edition)</title>
 <authorgroup>
  <author>
   <firstname>Tim</firstname>
   <surname>Waugh</surname>
   <affiliation>
   <orgname>Red Hat, Inc.</orgname>
   <address>
    <email>twaugh@redhat.com</email>
   </address>
   </affiliation>
  </author>
 </authorgroup>
 <copyright>
  <year>2000-3</year>
  <holder>Tim Waugh</holder>
 </copyright>
 <legalnotice>
  <para>Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this
   document under the terms of the GNU Free Documentation License,
  Version 1.1 or any later version published by the Free Software
   Foundation; with no Invariant Sections, with no Front-Cover Texts,
   and with no Back-Cover Texts. A copy of the license is included
   in the section entitled "GNU Free Documentation License".</para>
 </legalnotice>
</bookinfo>
&intro;
&tools;
&structure;
&xsl;
&tips;
&source;
&fdl;
<index />
</book>
<!-- Local Variables: -->
<!-- sgml-indent-step: 1 -->
<!-- sgml-indent-data: 1 -->
<!-- End: -->
```

### intro.xml

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='utf-8'?> <!-- -*- xml -*- -->
<chapter>
    <title>
    The Selfdocbook (XML edition) itself
    </title>
```

```
<para>The &sdb; is a self-documenting introduction to DocBook DocBook
  (XML) book. It includes its own DocBook XML source in the <link
  linkend="source">appendix</link>, and so can be used to learn
  DocBook by example.</para>
 <para>You can get a copy of the &sdb; in various ways; presumably you
  already know one of them since you are reading the &sdb; right now.
  Here are the choices:</para>
 <itemizedlist>
  <listitem>
   <para>View it using a web browser, by pointing it to the <ulink</pre>
   url="http://cyberelk.net/tim/docbook/selfdocbookx/index.html"
   >&sdb; web page</ulink>.</para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
   <para>Grab the <ulink
   url="http://cyberelk.net/tim/docbook/selfdocbookx.ps">PostScript
   version</ulink>, ready to print out.</para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
   <para>Download the <ulink
   url="http://cyberelk.net/tim/docbook/selfdocbookx.pdf">PDF
   version</ulink>, if that's your preferred format.</para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
   <para>Fetch the <ulink
   url="http://cyberelk.net/tim/docbook/selfdocbookx.tar.gz">DocBook
   XML source</ulink> and build it.</para>
  </listitem>
 </itemizedlist>
 <para>You can use the &sdb; to learn DocBook by example: if you see
  something that you want to know how to do, you can simply flip to
  <xref linkend="source"/> to find out how it is done.</para>
 <para>I learned DocBook from the excellent book <citetitle>DocBook:
  The Definitive Guide</citetitle> by O'Reilly Associates,
  also <ulink url="http://docbook.org/tdg/html/docbook.html">available
  online</ulink>. It is probably a good idea to have a glance
  through that in order to get more of an overview than this book
  provides.</para>
 <para>This &sdb; was built on &builddate;.</para>
</chapter>
<!-- Local Variables: -->
<!-- sgml-indent-step: 1 -->
<!-- sgml-indent-data: 1 -->
<!-- sgml-parent-document: "selfdocbookx.xml" -->
<!-- End: -->
```

## tools.xml

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='utf-8'?> <!-- -*- xml -*- -->
<chapter id="tools">
 <title>Tools</title>
 <para>The &sdb; is held together by magic <command>sed</command>
   glue, which is activated by some rules in the <link
   linkend="Makefile">Makefile</link> in <xref linkend="source"/>.
   So, in order to build the &sdb; you will need
   <command>make</command> and <command>sed</command> (and also
   <command>fold</command>). Note that <command>sed</command> and
   <command>fold</command> won't be necessary for all SGML projects,
   but using a <filename>Makefile</filename> is usually a good
   idea.</para>
 <para>To have a functioning XML environment, you will need to have
  various programs installed. On a Red Hat Linux 7.3 system, you
  need to install these packages:</para>
 <itemizedlist>
  <listitem>
   <indexterm>
   <primary>sgml-common</primary>
   </indexterm>
   <indexterm>
   <primary>xml-common</primary>
   </indexterm>
   <para><literal>sgml-common</literal> and
   <literal>xml-common</literal></para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
   <indexterm>
   <primary>xmltex</primary>
   </indexterm>
   <para><literal>xmltex</literal></para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
   <indexterm>
   <primary>passivetex</primary>
   </indexterm>
   <para><literal>passivetex</literal></para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
   <indexterm>
   <primary>docbook-style-xsl</primary>
   </indexterm>
   <para><literal>docbook-style-xsl</literal></para>
  </listitem>
```

```
<listitem>
   <indexterm>
   <primary>docbook-dtds</primary>
   </indexterm>
   <para><literal>docbook-dtds</literal></para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
   <indexterm>
   <primary>xmlto</primary>
   </indexterm>
   <para><literal>xmlto</literal></para>
  </listitem>
 </itemizedlist>
 <para>See <ulink
  url="http://cyberelk.net/tim/docbook/">http://cyberelk.net/tim/docboo
k/</ulink>
  for more information.</para>
 <para>The last package in the list there is
  <literal>xmlto</literal>, which is just a small shell script which
  invokes the other tools for you so that you don't have to remember
  which commands to run, how many times, and so on. It is similar to
  <citerefentry><refentrytitle>jw</refentrytitle><manvolnum>1</manvolnu
m>
  </citerefentry> from the <literal>docbook-utils</literal>
  package.</para>
 <para><indexterm><primary>emacs</primary>
  </indexterm><indexterm><primary>psgml</primary>
  </indexterm>I use an <command>emacs</command> package called
  <literal>psgml</literal> for editing SGML or XML documents. The
  keybindings I find most useful are:</para>
 <itemizedlist>
  <listitem>
   <para><keysym>Tab</keysym> indents the current element to a level
   appropriate to its nesting depth.</para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
   <para><keycombo action="seq">
    <keycombo action="simul">
     <keysym>C</keysym>c</keysym>
    </keycombo>
    <keycombo action="simul">
     <keysym>C</keysym>t</keysym>
    </keycombo>
    </keycombo> lists the valid tags for the current element.</para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
   <para><keycombo action="seq">
    <keycombo action="simul">
```

### structure.xml

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='utf-8'?> <!-- -*- xml -*- -->
<chapter id="structure">
 <title>Structure</title>
 <para>DocBook documents are SGML documents. That includes DocBook
  XML documents as well; XML is a subset of SGML. The SGML
  declaration at the top identifies it as a DocBook document, and it
  should look something like this:</para>
 <programlisting>
<!DOCTYPE book PUBLIC "-//OASIS//DTD DocBook XML V4.2//EN"
"http://www.oasis-open.org/docbook/xml/4.2/docbookx.dtd"[
…
]&qt;
<book&gt;
…
</book&gt;
 </programlisting>
```

<para>The <sgmltag>book</sgmltag> here specifies the type of the top-level element of the document. This declaration also says that the document conforms to version 4.2 of the DocBook XML document type declaration (DTD). The <sgmltag>book</sgmltag> element is also shown (although without its content)&mdash:notice that it is opened with <quote><literal>&lt;book&gt;</literal></quote> and closed with <quote><literal>&lt;/book&gt;</literal></quote>, and everything in between is the content of that element.

<para>Other files can be included by the top-level file by the use of entities. To include a file you first declare an entity and then use it:</para>

```
<programlisting>
<!DOCTYPE &hellip;[
<!ENTITY includedfile SYSTEM "includedfile.xml">
]>
…
&includedfile;
```

```
…
 </programlisting>
 <para>Because SGML tags (<literal>&lt;&hellip;&gt;</literal>) and
  entities (<literal>&amp;&hellip;;</literal>) are interpreted
  specially, there are escapes provided to enable you to use these
  marker characters in your DocBook files.
  <quote><literal>&amp;lt;</literal></quote> gives
  <quote>&lt;</quote>; <quote><literal>&amp;gt;</literal></quote>
  gives <quote>&gt;</quote>; and
  <quote><literal>&amp;amp;</literal></quote> gives
  <quote>&amp;</quote>. There are many other predefined entities
  too.</para>
</chapter>
<!-- Local Variables: -->
<!-- sgml-indent-step: 1 -->
<!-- sgml-indent-data: 1 -->
<!-- sgml-parent-document: "selfdocbookx.xml" -->
<!-- End: -->
```

### tips.xml

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='utf-8'?> <!-- -*- xml -*- -->
<chapter id="tips">
 <title>Tips and examples</title>
 <para>This document is an example of a <sgmltag>book</sgmltag>, and
  a <sgmltag>book</sgmltag> generally contains
  <sgmltag>chapter</sgmltag>s, which may contain
  <sgmltag>section</sgmltag>s. A paragraph of text can be put in a
  <sgmltag>para</sgmltag> tag. There are lots of examples of that in
  this book (see <xref linkend="source"/>).</para>
 <para>When you want text to appear with its layout intact (spaces
  and newlines kept where they are), you can use the
  <sgmltag>literallayout</sgmltag> tag. Note that
  <keysym>Tab</keysym> characters are <emphasis>not</emphasis>
  expanded. If you also would like a different font for the listed
  text, you might want to use the <sgmltag>programlisting</sgmltag>
  tag.</para>
 <section id="images">
  <title>Images</title>
  <mediaobject>
  <imageobject>
   <imagedata fileref="simple.pdf" format="pdf" align="center"/>
   </imageobject>
   <imageobject>
   <imagedata fileref="simple.png" format="png" align="center"/>
   </imageobject>
  </mediaobject>
```

```
<para>This shows how to handle images for both print and web
  display; each format is included in one
   <sgmltag>mediaobject</sgmltag> so the stylesheet, when faced with
  a limited subset of formats for the current output media, can
  select the best fit.</para>
  <para>I have cheated slightly, in that the for-print version is
  using a PDF format image even though PDF is not an officially
  allowed format in this version of DocBook XML. Luckily though,
  the tools I am using allow it through anyway.</para>
 </section>
 <section id="listing">
  <title>Program listings</title>
  <para>There are some things to watch out for when doing program
  listings. Let's say that we want to put the following fragment of
  code into DocBook:</para>
  <programlisting><![CDATA[
#include <stdio.h>
int main ()
{
     int count = 3;
     while (count--)
           printf ("Count is now %d\n", count);
}
11>
   </programlisting>
  <para>The problem is that <literal>&lt;stdio.h&gt;</literal> will
  be interpreted as an SGML tag. For this small fragment, it is
  easy to replace the <-signs with <literal>&amp;lt;</literal>,
  but for larger code fragments there could easily be missed SGML
  entities.</para>
  <para>A slightly easier way is to enclose it in a
   <sgmltag>CDATA</sgmltag> tag (i.e. literal text), like
  this:</para>
  <programlisting>
<programlisting&gt;&lt;!&lsqb;CDATA&lsqb;
…
]]></programlisting&gt;
  </programlisting>
  <para>The next thing to bear in mind is that <keysym>Tab</keysym>
  characters will not be expanded to spaces, so you will need to do
  all the indenting with spaces.</para>
  <warning>
   <para>There is currently a bug in
   <application>xmltex</application> that causes incorrect output
   for <quote><literal>--</literal></quote> (i.e. two
   dashes). Grab the latest PassiveTeX for an
   <filename>xmltex.tex</filename> and PassiveTeX distribution with
   this fixed.</para>
  </warning>
```

```
<para>Of course, <xref linkend="source"/> of this book needs to
   include quite a lot of source code (XML rather than C), and the
   approach I have taken in order to be sure that I haven't missed
   anything is to have the <filename>Makefile</filename> run
   <application>sed</application> on the original source, and just
   include the result as an entity. Take a look at <xref
   linkend="source"/> to see how that's done.</para>
 </section>
 <section id="css">
  <title>HTML stylesheets</title>
  <para>The HTML version of this document makes use of a custom CSS
   stylesheet for rendering HTML elements slightly differently (in
   fact, in this small example only some colours are changed). The
   CSS stylesheet is <xref linkend="selfdocbookx.css"/>, and the
   DocBook HTML stylesheet is told about it by our custom XSL layer:
   the <varname>html.stylesheet</varname> parameter is set to the
   name of the CSS file we want to use. See xref
   linkend="css.xsl"/> for how that's done.</para>
 </section>
 <section id="euro">
  <title>The euro character</title>
  <para>There is a bug in older versions (before 1.12) of PassiveTeX
   causing euro characters (€, which should look something
   like <quote>&euro;</quote>) to appear as black boxes.</para>
  <para>This bug is fixed in the Red Hat Linux passivetex-1.11-5
  package, available in rawhide.</para>
  <para>However, you'll need an up to date
   <filename>marvosym.sty</filename> file, which you can get from
   CTAN. (The current Red Hat Linux rawhide teTeX package has this
   updated already, but <filename>marvosym.sty</filename> is much
   smaller to download!)</para>
 </section>
 <section id="indexing">
  <title>Creating an index</title>
  <para><indexterm>
   <primary>index</primary>
   <secondary>adding</secondary>
   </indexterm><indexterm>
   <primary>index</primary>
   <secondary>generating</secondary>
   </indexterm><indexterm>
   <primary>index entries</primary>
   <secondary>marking up</secondary>
   </indexterm>Adding an index to your document is easy; the DocBook XS
L
   stylesheets automatically cross-reference your tagged index words
```

stylesheets automatically cross-reference your tagged index words to generate the page numbers in the index section. For example, in the source XML of this document you'll see that the index section at the end is indicated by just

```
<quote><literal>&lt;index&nbsp;/></literal></quote>. Examples of
  how to mark up index entries in the document are in this paragraph
   (<xref linkend="tips.xml" />) and throughout <xref
   linkend="tools.xml" />. The key tag is
   <sgmltag>indexterm</sgmltag>.</para>
 </section>
 <section id="no-more">
  <title>Please send me examples</title>
  <para>There are no more examples in this section yet, because I
  haven't written any. If you would like to see a particular
  element of DocBook demonstrated here, feel free to send me an
   example, preferably demonstrated inside a
   <sgmltag>section</sgmltag> XML element.</para>
 </section>
</chapter>
<!-- Local Variables: -->
<!-- sqml-indent-step: 1 -->
<!-- sgml-indent-data: 1 -->
<!-- sgml-parent-document: "selfdocbookx.xml" -->
<!-- End: -->
```

### source.xml

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='utf-8'?> <!-- -*- xml -*- -->
<appendix id="source">
 <title>DocBook XML source</title>
 <section id="build">
  <title>How to build the &sdb;</title>
  <para>Given a functioning XML environment, all of the necessary
  files are shown in full in this appendix. All you have to do in
  order to build the &sdb; is:</para>
  <orderedlist>
  <listitem>
   <para>Make sure you that have installed the necessary XML
    tools (see <xref linkend="tools"/>).</para>
   </listitem>
   <listitem>
   <para>In addition to those tools you will need:</para>
   <itemizedlist>
    <listitem>
     <para><application>fig2dev</application> (from the
     <application>transfig</application> package) for converting
     image formats</para>
    </listitem>
    <listitem>
     <para><application>fold</application> and
```

```
<application>sed</application> for manipulating SGML files so
     that they can be included verbatim in a DocBook
     document.</para>
    </listitem>
    <listitem>
     <para>For PostScript output I suggest you use
     <application>pdftops</application>, from the
      <application>xpdf</application> package.</para>
    </listitem>
   </itemizedlist>
   </listitem>
   <listitem>
   <para>Put all the files in the same directory and type
    <userinput>make</userinput>. The default target builds
    PDF, PostScript and HTML output.</para>
   </listitem>
  </orderedlist>
 </section>
 <section>
  <title><filename>selfdocbookx.xml</filename></title>
  <programlisting>
&selfdocbookxxml;
  </programlisting>
 </section>
 <section>
  <title><filename>intro.xml</filename></title>
  <programlisting>
&introxml;
  </programlisting>
 </section>
 <section id="tools.xml">
  <title><filename>tools.xml</filename></title>
  <programlisting>
&toolsxml;
  </programlisting>
 </section>
 <section>
  <title><filename>structure.xml</filename></title>
  <programlisting>
&structurexml;
  </programlisting>
 </section>
  <section id="tips.xml">
  <title><filename>tips.xml</filename></title>
  <programlisting>
&tipsxml;
```

```
</programlisting>
 </section>
  <section>
  <title><filename>source.xml</filename></title>
  <programlisting>
&sourcexml;
  </programlisting>
 </section>
 <section>
  <title><filename>fdl.xml</filename></title>
  <programlisting>
&fdlxml;
  </programlisting>
 </section>
 <section id="ulink.xsl">
  <title><filename>ulink.xsl</filename></title>
  <programlisting>
&ulinkxsl;
  </programlisting>
 </section>
 <section>
  <title><filename>filename.xsl</filename></title>
  <programlisting>
&filenamexsl;
  </programlisting>
 </section>
 <section>
  <title><filename>keycombo.xsl</filename></title>
  <programlisting>
&keycomboxsl;
  </programlisting>
 </section>
 <section>
  <title><filename>admon.xsl</filename></title>
  <programlisting>
&admonxsl;
  </programlisting>
 </section>
 <section id="css.xsl">
  <title><filename>css.xsl</filename></title>
  <programlisting>
&cssxsl;
  </programlisting>
 </section>
```

```
<section id="selfdocbookx.css">
  <title><filename>selfdocbookx.css</filename></title>
  <programlisting>
&selfdocbookxcss;
  </programlisting>
 </section>
 <section id="Makefile">
  <title><filename>Makefile</filename></title>
  <programlisting>
&makefile;
  </programlisting>
 </section>
</appendix>
<!-- Local Variables: -->
<!-- sgml-indent-step: 1 -->
<!-- sgml-indent-data: 1 -->
<!-- sgml-parent-document: "selfdocbookx.xml" -->
<!-- End: -->
```

### fdl.xml

GNU Free Documentation License Version 1.1, March 2000

Copyright (C) 2000 Free Software Foundation, Inc. 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.

#### 0. PREAMBLE

The purpose of this License is to make a manual, textbook, or other written document "free" in the sense of freedom: to assure everyone the effective freedom to copy and redistribute it, with or without modifying it, either commercially or noncommercially. Secondarily, this License preserves for the author and publisher a way to get credit for their work, while not being considered responsible for modifications made by others.

This License is a kind of "copyleft", which means that derivative

works of the document must themselves be free in the same sense. It complements the GNU General Public License, which is a copyleft license designed for free software.

We have designed this License in order to use it for manuals for free software, because free software needs free documentation: a free program should come with manuals providing the same freedoms that the software does. But this License is not limited to software manuals; it can be used for any textual work, regardless of subject matter or whether it is published as a printed book. We recommend this License principally for works whose purpose is instruction or reference.

#### 1. APPLICABILITY AND DEFINITIONS

This License applies to any manual or other work that contains a notice placed by the copyright holder saying it can be distributed under the terms of this License. The "Document", below, refers to any such manual or work. Any member of the public is a licensee, and is addressed as "you".

A "Modified Version" of the Document means any work containing the Document or a portion of it, either copied verbatim, or with modifications and/or translated into another language.

A "Secondary Section" is a named appendix or a front-matter section of the Document that deals exclusively with the relationship of the publishers or authors of the Document to the Document's overall subject (or to related matters) and contains nothing that could fall directly within that overall subject. (For example, if the Document is in part a textbook of mathematics, a Secondary Section may not explain any mathematics.) The relationship could be a matter of historical connection with the subject or with related matters, or of legal, commercial, philosophical, ethical or political position regarding them.

The "Invariant Sections" are certain Secondary Sections whose titles are designated, as being those of Invariant Sections, in the notice that says that the Document is released under this License.

The "Cover Texts" are certain short passages of text that are listed, as Front-Cover Texts or Back-Cover Texts, in the notice that says that the Document is released under this License.

A "Transparent" copy of the Document means a machine-readable copy, represented in a format whose specification is available to the general public, whose contents can be viewed and edited directly and straightforwardly with generic text editors or (for images composed of pixels) generic paint programs or (for drawings) some widely available drawing editor, and that is suitable for input to text formatters or for automatic translation to a variety of formats suitable for input to text formatters. A copy made in an otherwise Transparent file format whose markup has been designed to thwart or discourage subsequent modification by readers is not Transparent. A copy that is not "Transparent" is called "Opaque".

Examples of suitable formats for Transparent copies include plain ASCII without markup, Texinfo input format, LaTeX input format, SGML

or XML using a publicly available DTD, and standard-conforming simple HTML designed for human modification. Opaque formats include PostScript, PDF, proprietary formats that can be read and edited only by proprietary word processors, SGML or XML for which the DTD and/or processing tools are not generally available, and the machine-generated HTML produced by some word processors for output purposes only.

The "Title Page" means, for a printed book, the title page itself, plus such following pages as are needed to hold, legibly, the material this License requires to appear in the title page. For works in formats which do not have any title page as such, "Title Page" means the text near the most prominent appearance of the work's title, preceding the beginning of the body of the text.

#### 2. VERBATIM COPYING

You may copy and distribute the Document in any medium, either commercially or noncommercially, provided that this License, the copyright notices, and the license notice saying this License applies to the Document are reproduced in all copies, and that you add no other conditions whatsoever to those of this License. You may not use technical measures to obstruct or control the reading or further copying of the copies you make or distribute. However, you may accept compensation in exchange for copies. If you distribute a large enough number of copies you must also follow the conditions in section 3.

You may also lend copies, under the same conditions stated above, and you may publicly display copies.

#### 3. COPYING IN QUANTITY

If you publish printed copies of the Document numbering more than 100, and the Document's license notice requires Cover Texts, you must enclose the copies in covers that carry, clearly and legibly, all these Cover Texts: Front-Cover Texts on the front cover, and Back-Cover Texts on the back cover. Both covers must also clearly and legibly identify you as the publisher of these copies. The front cover must present the full title with all words of the title equally prominent and visible. You may add other material on the covers in addition. Copying with changes limited to the covers, as long as they preserve the title of the Document and satisfy these conditions, can be treated as verbatim copying in other respects.

If the required texts for either cover are too voluminous to fit legibly, you should put the first ones listed (as many as fit reasonably) on the actual cover, and continue the rest onto adjacent pages.

If you publish or distribute Opaque copies of the Document numbering more than 100, you must either include a machine-readable Transparent copy along with each Opaque copy, or state in or with each Opaque copy a publicly-accessible computer-network location containing a complete Transparent copy of the Document, free of added material, which the general network-using public has access to download anonymously at no charge using public-standard network protocols. If you use the latter option, you must take reasonably prudent steps, when you begin distribution of Opaque copies in quantity, to ensure that this Transparent copy will remain thus accessible at the stated location until at least one year after the last time you distribute an Opaque copy (directly or through your agents or retailers) of that edition to the public.

It is requested, but not required, that you contact the authors of the Document well before redistributing any large number of copies, to give them a chance to provide you with an updated version of the Document.

#### 4. MODIFICATIONS

You may copy and distribute a Modified Version of the Document under the conditions of sections 2 and 3 above, provided that you release the Modified Version under precisely this License, with the Modified Version filling the role of the Document, thus licensing distribution and modification of the Modified Version to whoever possesses a copy of it. In addition, you must do these things in the Modified Version:

- A. Use in the Title Page (and on the covers, if any) a title distinct from that of the Document, and from those of previous versions (which should, if there were any, be listed in the History section of the Document). You may use the same title as a previous version if the original publisher of that version gives permission.
- B. List on the Title Page, as authors, one or more persons or entities responsible for authorship of the modifications in the Modified Version, together with at least five of the principal authors of the Document (all of its principal authors, if it has less than five).
- C. State on the Title page the name of the publisher of the Modified Version, as the publisher.
- D. Preserve all the copyright notices of the Document.
- E. Add an appropriate copyright notice for your modifications adjacent to the other copyright notices.
- F. Include, immediately after the copyright notices, a license notice giving the public permission to use the Modified Version under the terms of this License, in the form shown in the Addendum below.
- G. Preserve in that license notice the full lists of Invariant Sections and required Cover Texts given in the Document's license notice.
- H. Include an unaltered copy of this License.
- I. Preserve the section entitled "History", and its title, and add to it an item stating at least the title, year, new authors, and publisher of the Modified Version as given on the Title Page. If there is no section entitled "History" in the Document, create one stating the title, year, authors, and publisher of the Document as given on its Title Page, then add an item describing the Modified Version as stated in the previous sentence.
- J. Preserve the network location, if any, given in the Document for public access to a Transparent copy of the Document, and likewise the network locations given in the Document for previous versions it was based on. These may be placed in the "History" section. You may omit a network location for a work that was published at least four years before the Document itself, or if the original publisher of the version it refers to gives permission.
- K. In any section entitled "Acknowledgements" or "Dedications", preserve the section's title, and preserve in the section all the substance and tone of each of the contributor acknowledgements

and/or dedications given therein.

- L. Preserve all the Invariant Sections of the Document, unaltered in their text and in their titles. Section numbers or the equivalent are not considered part of the section titles.
- M. Delete any section entitled "Endorsements". Such a section may not be included in the Modified Version.
- N. Do not retitle any existing section as "Endorsements" or to conflict in title with any Invariant Section.

If the Modified Version includes new front-matter sections or appendices that qualify as Secondary Sections and contain no material copied from the Document, you may at your option designate some or all of these sections as invariant. To do this, add their titles to the list of Invariant Sections in the Modified Version's license notice. These titles must be distinct from any other section titles.

You may add a section entitled "Endorsements", provided it contains nothing but endorsements of your Modified Version by various parties--for example, statements of peer review or that the text has been approved by an organization as the authoritative definition of a standard.

You may add a passage of up to five words as a Front-Cover Text, and a passage of up to 25 words as a Back-Cover Text, to the end of the list of Cover Texts in the Modified Version. Only one passage of Front-Cover Text and one of Back-Cover Text may be added by (or through arrangements made by) any one entity. If the Document already includes a cover text for the same cover, previously added by you or by arrangement made by the same entity you are acting on behalf of, you may not add another; but you may replace the old one, on explicit permission from the previous publisher that added the old one.

The author(s) and publisher(s) of the Document do not by this License give permission to use their names for publicity for or to assert or imply endorsement of any Modified Version.

#### 5. COMBINING DOCUMENTS

You may combine the Document with other documents released under this License, under the terms defined in section 4 above for modified versions, provided that you include in the combination all of the Invariant Sections of all of the original documents, unmodified, and list them all as Invariant Sections of your combined work in its license notice.

The combined work need only contain one copy of this License, and multiple identical Invariant Sections may be replaced with a single copy. If there are multiple Invariant Sections with the same name but different contents, make the title of each such section unique by adding at the end of it, in parentheses, the name of the original author or publisher of that section if known, or else a unique number. Make the same adjustment to the section titles in the list of Invariant Sections in the license notice of the combined work.

In the combination, you must combine any sections entitled "History" in the various original documents, forming one section entitled "History"; likewise combine any sections entitled "Acknowledgements",

and any sections entitled "Dedications". You must delete all sections entitled "Endorsements."

#### 6. COLLECTIONS OF DOCUMENTS

You may make a collection consisting of the Document and other documents released under this License, and replace the individual copies of this License in the various documents with a single copy that is included in the collection, provided that you follow the rules of this License for verbatim copying of each of the documents in all other respects.

You may extract a single document from such a collection, and distribute it individually under this License, provided you insert a copy of this License into the extracted document, and follow this License in all other respects regarding verbatim copying of that document.

#### 7. AGGREGATION WITH INDEPENDENT WORKS

A compilation of the Document or its derivatives with other separate and independent documents or works, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, does not as a whole count as a Modified Version of the Document, provided no compilation copyright is claimed for the compilation. Such a compilation is called an "aggregate", and this License does not apply to the other self-contained works thus compiled with the Document, on account of their being thus compiled, if they are not themselves derivative works of the Document.

If the Cover Text requirement of section 3 is applicable to these copies of the Document, then if the Document is less than one quarter of the entire aggregate, the Document's Cover Texts may be placed on covers that surround only the Document within the aggregate. Otherwise they must appear on covers around the whole aggregate.

#### 8. TRANSLATION

Translation is considered a kind of modification, so you may distribute translations of the Document under the terms of section 4. Replacing Invariant Sections with translations requires special permission from their copyright holders, but you may include translations of some or all Invariant Sections in addition to the original versions of these Invariant Sections. You may include a translation of this License provided that you also include the original English version of this License. In case of a disagreement between the translation and the original English version of this License, the original English version will prevail.

#### 9. TERMINATION

You may not copy, modify, sublicense, or distribute the Document except as expressly provided for under this License. Any other attempt to copy, modify, sublicense or distribute the Document is void, and will automatically terminate your rights under this License. However, parties who have received copies, or rights, from you under this License will not have their licenses terminated so long as such parties remain in full compliance.

#### 10. FUTURE REVISIONS OF THIS LICENSE

The Free Software Foundation may publish new, revised versions of the GNU Free Documentation License from time to time. Such new versions will be similar in spirit to the present version, but may differ in detail to address new problems or concerns. See http:///www.gnu.org/copyleft/.

Each version of the License is given a distinguishing version number. If the Document specifies that a particular numbered version of this License "or any later version" applies to it, you have the option of following the terms and conditions either of that specified version or of any later version that has been published (not as a draft) by the Free Software Foundation. If the Document does not specify a version number of this License, you may choose any version ever published (not as a draft) by the Free Software Foundation.

ADDENDUM: How to use this License for your documents

To use this License in a document you have written, include a copy of the License in the document and put the following copyright and license notices just after the title page:

Copyright (c) YEAR YOUR NAME.

Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this docum ent

under the terms of the GNU Free Documentation License, Version 1.1 or any later version published by the Free Software Foundation; with the Invariant Sections being LIST THEIR TITLES, with the Front-Cover Texts being LIST, and with the Back-Cover Texts being

LIST.

A copy of the license is included in the section entitled "GNU Free Documentation License".

If you have no Invariant Sections, write "with no Invariant Sections" instead of saying which ones are invariant. If you have no Front-Cover Texts, write "no Front-Cover Texts" instead of "Front-Cover Texts being LIST"; likewise for Back-Cover Texts.

If your document contains nontrivial examples of program code, we recommend releasing these examples in parallel under your choice of free software license, such as the GNU General Public License, to permit their use in free software.

```
</literallayout>
</appendix>
<!-- Local Variables: -->
<!-- sgml-indent-step: 1 -->
<!-- sgml-indent-data: 1 -->
<!-- sgml-parent-document: "selfdocbookx.xml" -->
<!-- End: -->
```

### ulink.xsl

```
<?xml version='1.0'?>
<xsl:stylesheet xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"</pre>
           xmlns:fo="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Format"
           version='1.0'>
<!-- Turn on URL hyphenation.
                                                      -->
<xsl:param name="ulink.hyphenate" select="'&#x00ad;'"/>
<!-- This alters the rendering of URLs. Let's follow RFC 2396 -->
<!-- guidelines.
                                                   -->
<xsl:template match="ulink">
<fo:basic-link external-destination="{@url}"
           xsl:use-attribute-sets="xref.properties">
 <xsl:choose>
  <xsl:when test="count(child::node())=0">
   <xsl:text>&lt;</xsl:text>
   <xsl:call-template name="hyphenate-url">
    <xsl:with-param name="url" select="@url"/>
   </xsl:call-template>
   <xsl:text>&gt;</xsl:text>
  </xsl:when>
  <xsl:otherwise>
   <xsl:apply-templates/>
  </xsl:otherwise>
 </xsl:choose>
</fo:basic-link>
<xsl:if test="count(child::node()) != 0</pre>
          and string(.) != @url">
 <fo:inline hyphenate="false">
  <rsl:text> at &lt;</rsl:text>
  <xsl:call-template name="hyphenate-url">
   <xsl:with-param name="url" select="@url"/>
  </xsl:call-template>
  <xsl:text>&gt;</xsl:text>
 </fo:inline>
</xsl:if>
</xsl:template>
```

</xsl:stylesheet>

### filename.xsl

```
<!-- (The stylesheet's default for XHTML files is ".xhtm".) -->
<xsl:param name="html.ext" select="'.html'"/>
```

```
<!-- This sets the filename based on the ID. --> <xsl:param name="use.id.as.filename" select="'1'"/>
```

```
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

### keycombo.xsl

```
<?xml version='1.0'?>
<xsl:stylesheet xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"</pre>
           xmlns:fo="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Format"
           version='1.0'>
<!-- There is a bug in docbook-xsl-1.45; work around it here. -->
<!-- Also change it slightly for emacs key descriptions.
                                                            -->
<xsl:template match="keycombo">
<xsl:variable name="action" select="@action"/>
<xsl:variable name="joinchar">
 <xsl:choose>
  <xsl:when test="$action='seq'"><xsl:text> </xsl:text></xsl:when>
  <xsl:when test="$action='simul'">-</xsl:when>
  <xsl:otherwise>-</xsl:otherwise>
 </xsl:choose>
</xsl:variable>
<xsl:for-each select="./*">
 <rsl:if test="position()>1">
 <xsl:value-of select="$joinchar"/>
 </xsl:if>
 <xsl:apply-templates select="."/>
</xsl:for-each>
</xsl:template>
```

</xsl:stylesheet>

### admon.xsl

</xsl:stylesheet>

## css.xsl

#### </xsl:stylesheet>

### selfdocbookx.css

```
html, body {
 background-color: #e5e9e5;
 color: black;
}
a:link {
 color: #0000ee;
 background-color: transparent;
}
a:hover {
 color: #000088;
 background-color: transparent;
}
a:visited {
 color: #551a8b;
 background-color: transparent;
}
a:active {
 color: #ff0000;
 background-color: transparent;
}
```

### Makefile

```
DOC=selfdocbookx
MAIN=$(DOC).xml
SECTS=intro.xml tools.xml structure.xml xsl.xml tips.xml \
     source.xml fdl.xml
XSLFOMODS=ulink.xsl keycombo.xsl
XSLHTMLMODS=filename.xsl admon.xsl keycombo.xsl css.xsl
XSLS=$(XSLFOMODS) $(XSLHTMLMODS)
FIGS=simple.fig
PNGS=$(FIGS:.fig=.png)
PDFS=$(FIGS:.fig=.pdf)
SRC=$(MAIN) $(SECTS) $(MAIN).sed $(addsuffix .sed,$(SECTS)) \
      $(addsuffix .sed,$(XSLS)) $(DOC).css.sed builddate Makefile.sed
XMLTO=xmlto --skip-validation
STYLESHEET_IMAGES=`xmlcatalog /etc/xml/catalog \
     http://docbook.sourceforge.net/release/xsl/current | \
     sed -e 's,^file://"','images
all: $(DOC).pdf $(DOC).ps $(DOC)
$(DOC).pdf: $(SRC) $(PDFS) $(XSLFOMODS)
      for mod in $(XSLFOMODS); do \
           MODARGS="$$MODARGS -m $$mod"; \
     done; \
      $(XMLTO) pdf -v --extensions $$MODARGS $(MAIN)
$(DOC).fo: $(SRC) $(PDFS) $(XSLFOMODS)
     for mod in $(XSLFOMODS); do \
           MODARGS="$$MODARGS -m $$mod"; \
     done; \
      $(XMLTO) fo -v --extensions $$MODARGS $(MAIN)
$(DOC).ps: $(DOC).pdf
     pdftops $< $@
$(DOC): $(SRC) $(PNGS) $(XSLHTMLMODS)
      -rm -rf $@
     for mod in $(XSLHTMLMODS); do \
           MODARGS="$$MODARGS -m $$mod"; \
     done; \
     $(XMLTO) html -o $@ $$MODARGS $(MAIN)
     cp -a $(STYLESHEET_IMAGES) $@/stylesheet-images
     cp $(PNGS) $(DOC).css $@
# Since this file would be parsed for SGML markup, we have to
# make a safe version (with &, < and > converted to SGML entities)
# In addition, tabs get ignored for some reason, so for the
# Makefile we have to convert them to spaces.
%.sed: %
      fold -w 72 $< | \
           sed -e s/$(echo x | tr x \\t)/
                                            /g" \
              -e "s/&/\\&/g" \
              -e "s/</\\&lt;/g" \
              -e "s/>/\\>/g" > $@
builddate:
     echo -n $$(date "+%e %B %Y") > $@
```

clean: -\$(RM) \*.log \*.dvi \*.aux \*.tex \*.sed \*.out \*-t -\$(RM) \$(PNGS) \$(PDFS) builddate \*.html -\$(RM) -r \$(DOC) \$(DOC).ps \$(DOC).pdf \$(DOC).fo distclean: clean -\$(RM) \*~ \$(DOC).tar.gz docbook.tar.gz -\$(RM) -r docbook \$(DOC).tar.gz: distclean (cd ..; tar zcf /tmp/\$(DOC).tar.gz \$(DOC) ) mv /tmp/\$(DOC).tar.gz . docbook: \$(DOC).tar.gz all -\$(RM) -r \$@ mkdir \$@ cp \$(DOC).tar.gz \$(DOC).ps \$(DOC).pdf \$@ tar cf - \$(DOC) | (cd \$@; tar xf -) docbook.tar.gz: docbook tar zcf docbook.tar.gz docbook # Make png from xfig %.png: %.fig fig2dev -Lpng \$< \$@ # Make pdf from xfig %.pdf: %.fig fig2dev -Lpdf \$< \$@ .PHONY: distclean clean all builddate

# Appendix B. GNU Free Documentation License

GNU Free Documentation License Version 1.1, March 2000

Copyright (C) 2000 Free Software Foundation, Inc.

59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.

#### 0. PREAMBLE

The purpose of this License is to make a manual, textbook, or other written document "free" in the sense of freedom: to assure everyone the effective freedom to copy and redistribute it, with or without modifying it, either commercially or noncommercially. Secondarily, this License preserves for the author and publisher a way to get credit for their work, while not being considered responsible for modifications made by others.

This License is a kind of "copyleft", which means that derivative works of the document must themselves be free in the same sense. It complements the GNU General Public License, which is a copyleft license designed for free software.

We have designed this License in order to use it for manuals for free software, because free software needs free documentation: a free program should come with manuals providing the same freedoms that the software does. But this License is not limited to software manuals; it can be used for any textual work, regardless of subject matter or whether it is published as a printed book. We recommend this License principally for works whose purpose is instruction or reference.

#### 1. APPLICABILITY AND DEFINITIONS

This License applies to any manual or other work that contains a notice placed by the copyright holder saying it can be distributed under the terms of this License. The "Document", below, refers to any such manual or work. Any member of the public is a licensee, and is addressed as "you".

A "Modified Version" of the Document means any work containing the Document or a portion of it, either copied verbatim, or with modifications and/or translated into another language.

A "Secondary Section" is a named appendix or a front-matter section of the Document that deals exclusively with the relationship of the publishers or authors of the Document to the Document's overall subject (or to related matters) and contains nothing that could fall directly within that overall subject. (For example, if the Document is in part a textbook of mathematics, a Secondary Section may not explain any mathematics.) The relationship could be a matter of historical connection with the subject or with related matters, or of legal, commercial, philosophical, ethical or political position regarding them.

The "Invariant Sections" are certain Secondary Sections whose titles are designated, as being those of Invariant Sections, in the notice that says that the Document is released under this License.

The "Cover Texts" are certain short passages of text that are listed, as Front-Cover Texts or Back-Cover Texts, in the notice that says that the Document is released under this License.

A "Transparent" copy of the Document means a machine-readable copy, represented in a format whose specification is available to the general public, whose contents can be viewed and edited directly and straightforwardly with generic text editors or (for images composed of pixels) generic paint programs or (for drawings) some widely available drawing editor, and that is suitable for input to text formatters or for automatic translation to a variety of formats suitable for input to text formatters. A copy made in an otherwise Transparent file format whose markup has been designed to thwart or discourage subsequent modification by readers is not Transparent. A copy that is not "Transparent" is called "Opaque".

Examples of suitable formats for Transparent copies include plain ASCII without markup, Texinfo input format, LaTeX input format, SGML or XML using a publicly available DTD, and standard-conforming simple HTML designed for human modification. Opaque formats include PostScript, PDF, proprietary formats that can be read and edited only by proprietary word processors, SGML or XML for which the DTD and/or processing tools are not generally available, and the machine-generated HTML produced by some word processors for output purposes only.

The "Title Page" means, for a printed book, the title page itself, plus such following pages as are needed to hold, legibly, the material this License requires to appear in the title page. For works in formats which do not have any title page as such, "Title Page" means the text near the most prominent appearance of the work's title, preceding the beginning of the body of the text.

#### 2. VERBATIM COPYING

You may copy and distribute the Document in any medium, either commercially or noncommercially, provided that this License, the copyright notices, and the license notice saying this License applies to the Document are reproduced in all copies, and that you add no other conditions whatsoever to those of this License. You may not use technical measures to obstruct or control the reading or further copying of the copies you make or distribute. However, you may accept compensation in exchange for copies. If you distribute a large enough number of copies you must also follow the conditions in section 3.

You may also lend copies, under the same conditions stated above, and you may publicly display copies.

#### 3. COPYING IN QUANTITY

If you publish printed copies of the Document numbering more than 100, and the Document's license notice requires Cover Texts, you must enclose the copies in covers that carry, clearly and legibly, all these Cover Texts: Front-Cover Texts on the front cover, and Back-Cover Texts on the back cover. Both covers must also clearly and legibly identify you as the publisher of these copies. The front cover must present the full title with all words of the title equally prominent and visible. You may add other material on the covers in addition. Copying with changes limited to the covers, as long as they preserve the title of the Document and satisfy these conditions, can be treated as verbatim copying in other respects.

If the required texts for either cover are too voluminous to fit legibly, you should put the first ones listed (as many as fit reasonably) on the actual cover, and continue the rest onto adjacent pages.

If you publish or distribute Opaque copies of the Document numbering more than 100, you must either include a machine-readable Transparent copy along with each Opaque copy, or state in or with each Opaque copy a publicly-accessible computer-network location containing a complete Transparent copy of the Document, free of added material, which the general network-using public has access to download anonymously at no charge using public-standard network protocols. If you use the latter option, you must take reasonably prudent steps, when you begin distribution of Opaque copies in quantity, to ensure that this Transparent copy will remain thus accessible at the stated location until at least one year after the last time you distribute an Opaque copy (directly or through your agents or retailers) of that edition to the public.

It is requested, but not required, that you contact the authors of the Document well before redistributing any large number of copies, to give them a chance to provide you with an updated version of the Document.

#### 4. MODIFICATIONS

You may copy and distribute a Modified Version of the Document under the conditions of sections 2 and 3 above, provided that you release the Modified Version under precisely this License, with the Modified Version filling the role of the Document, thus licensing distribution and modification of the Modified Version to whoever possesses a copy of it. In addition, you must do these things in the Modified Version:

- A. Use in the Title Page (and on the covers, if any) a title distinct from that of the Document, and from those of previous versions (which should, if there were any, be listed in the History section of the Document). You may use the same title as a previous version if the original publisher of that version gives permission.
- B. List on the Title Page, as authors, one or more persons or entities responsible for authorship of the modifications in the Modified Version, together with at least five of the principal authors of the Document (all of its principal authors, if it has less than five).
- C. State on the Title page the name of the publisher of the Modified Version, as the publisher.

- D. Preserve all the copyright notices of the Document.
- E. Add an appropriate copyright notice for your modifications adjacent to the other copyright notices.
- F. Include, immediately after the copyright notices, a license notice giving the public permission to use the Modified Version under the terms of this License, in the form shown in the Addendum below.
- G. Preserve in that license notice the full lists of Invariant Sections and required Cover Texts given in the Document's license notice.
- H. Include an unaltered copy of this License.
- I. Preserve the section entitled "History", and its title, and add to it an item stating at least the title, year, new authors, and publisher of the Modified Version as given on the Title Page. If there is no section entitled "History" in the Document, create one stating the title, year, authors, and publisher of the Document as given on its Title Page, then add an item describing the Modified Version as stated in the previous sentence.
- J. Preserve the network location, if any, given in the Document for public access to a Transparent copy of the Document, and likewise the network locations given in the Document for previous versions it was based on. These may be placed in the "History" section. You may omit a network location for a work that was published at least four years before the Document itself, or if the original publisher of the version it refers to gives permission.
- K. In any section entitled "Acknowledgements" or "Dedications", preserve the section's title, and preserve in the section all the substance and tone of each of the contributor acknowledgements and/or dedications given therein.
- L. Preserve all the Invariant Sections of the Document, unaltered in their text and in their titles. Section numbers or the equivalent are not considered part of the section titles.
- M. Delete any section entitled "Endorsements". Such a section may not be included in the Modified Version.
- N. Do not retitle any existing section as "Endorsements" or to conflict in title with any Invariant Section.

If the Modified Version includes new front-matter sections or appendices that qualify as Secondary Sections and contain no material copied from the Document, you may at your option designate some or all of these sections as invariant. To do this, add their titles to the list of Invariant Sections in the Modified Version's license notice. These titles must be distinct from any other section titles.

You may add a section entitled "Endorsements", provided it contains nothing but endorsements of your Modified Version by various parties--for example, statements of peer review or that the text has been approved by an organization as the authoritative definition of a standard.

You may add a passage of up to five words as a Front-Cover Text, and a passage of up to 25 words as a Back-Cover Text, to the end of the list of Cover Texts in the Modified Version. Only one passage of Front-Cover Text and one of Back-Cover Text may be added by (or through arrangements made by) any one entity. If the Document already includes a cover text for the same cover, previously added by you or by arrangement made by the same entity you are acting on behalf of, you may not add another; but you may replace the old one, on explicit permission from the previous publisher that added the old one. The author(s) and publisher(s) of the Document do not by this License give permission to use their names for publicity for or to assert or imply endorsement of any Modified Version.

#### 5. COMBINING DOCUMENTS

You may combine the Document with other documents released under this License, under the terms defined in section 4 above for modified versions, provided that you include in the combination all of the Invariant Sections of all of the original documents, unmodified, and list them all as Invariant Sections of your combined work in its license notice.

The combined work need only contain one copy of this License, and multiple identical Invariant Sections may be replaced with a single copy. If there are multiple Invariant Sections with the same name but different contents, make the title of each such section unique by adding at the end of it, in parentheses, the name of the original author or publisher of that section if known, or else a unique number. Make the same adjustment to the section titles in the list of Invariant Sections in the license notice of the combined work.

In the combination, you must combine any sections entitled "History" in the various original documents, forming one section entitled "History"; likewise combine any sections entitled "Acknowledgements", and any sections entitled "Dedications". You must delete all sections entitled "Endorsements."

#### 6. COLLECTIONS OF DOCUMENTS

You may make a collection consisting of the Document and other documents released under this License, and replace the individual copies of this License in the various documents with a single copy that is included in the collection, provided that you follow the rules of this License for verbatim copying of each of the documents in all other respects.

You may extract a single document from such a collection, and distribute it individually under this License, provided you insert a copy of this License into the extracted document, and follow this License in all other respects regarding verbatim copying of that document.

#### 7. AGGREGATION WITH INDEPENDENT WORKS

A compilation of the Document or its derivatives with other separate and independent documents or works, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, does not as a whole count as a Modified Version of the Document, provided no compilation copyright is claimed for the compilation. Such a compilation is called an "aggregate", and this License does not apply to the other self-contained works thus compiled with the Document, on account of their being thus compiled, if they are not themselves derivative works of the Document.

If the Cover Text requirement of section 3 is applicable to these copies of the Document, then if the Document is less than one quarter

GNU Free Documentation

of the entire aggregate, the Document's Cover Texts may be placed on covers that surround only the Document within the aggregate. Otherwise they must appear on covers around the whole aggregate.

#### 8. TRANSLATION

Translation is considered a kind of modification, so you may distribute translations of the Document under the terms of section 4. Replacing Invariant Sections with translations requires special permission from their copyright holders, but you may include translations of some or all Invariant Sections in addition to the original versions of these Invariant Sections. You may include a translation of this License provided that you also include the original English version of this License. In case of a disagreement between the translation and the original English version of this License, the original English version will prevail.

#### 9. TERMINATION

You may not copy, modify, sublicense, or distribute the Document except as expressly provided for under this License. Any other attempt to copy, modify, sublicense or distribute the Document is void, and will automatically terminate your rights under this License. However, parties who have received copies, or rights, from you under this License will not have their licenses terminated so long as such parties remain in full compliance.

#### 10. FUTURE REVISIONS OF THIS LICENSE

The Free Software Foundation may publish new, revised versions of the GNU Free Documentation License from time to time. Such new versions will be similar in spirit to the present version, but may differ in detail to address new problems or concerns. See http:///www.gnu.org/copyleft/.

Each version of the License is given a distinguishing version number. If the Document specifies that a particular numbered version of this License "or any later version" applies to it, you have the option of following the terms and conditions either of that specified version or of any later version that has been published (not as a draft) by the Free Software Foundation. If the Document does not specify a version number of this License, you may choose any version ever published (not as a draft) by the Free Software Foundation.

#### ADDENDUM: How to use this License for your documents

To use this License in a document you have written, include a copy of the License in the document and put the following copyright and license notices just after the title page:

Copyright (c) YEAR YOUR NAME. Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this document under the terms of the GNU Free Documentation License, Version 1.1 or any later version published by the Free Software Foundation; with the Invariant Sections being LIST THEIR TITLES, with the Front-Cover Texts being LIST, and with the Back-Cover Texts being LIST. A copy of the license is included in the section entitled "GNU Free Documentation License".

If you have no Invariant Sections, write "with no Invariant Sections" instead of saying which ones are invariant. If you have no Front-Cover Texts, write "no Front-Cover Texts" instead of "Front-Cover Texts being LIST"; likewise for Back-Cover Texts.

If your document contains nontrivial examples of program code, we recommend releasing these examples in parallel under your choice of free software license, such as the GNU General Public License, to permit their use in free software.

# Index

docbook-dtds2 docbook-style-xsl2

emacs2

D

Ε

I

index adding6 generating6 index entries marking up6

### passivetex2 psgml2

sgml-common2

Χ

S

Ρ

xml-common2 xmltex2 xmlto2